### Soft Matter exercise, Chapter 3: Micelles

# 1. Mixing

The change in free energy at 298 K caused by taking one molecule of n-pentane from pure pentane and putting it into water is  $4.1 \times 10^{-20}$  J.

- a. How does that compare to the thermal energy?
- b. Explain why pentane is insoluble in water.
- c. 85% of this interaction arises from a decrease in entropy. How can the insertion of a foreign molecule into water decrease the entropy?

#### 2. Critical micelle concentration

- a. What is the critical micelle concentration?
- b. Draw the concentration of free molecules in a solution as a function of molecules added for  $0 < CMC < c_{max}$ .

# 3. Amphiphiles

You are working for a detergent company and are asked to design molecules with a lower CMC than the currently used detergents have.

- a. Why are surfactants useful as detergents? Why can they remove water-insoluble dirt?
- b. Why could it be beneficial for a detergent company to design molecules with a lower CMC?
- c. How can the composition of hydrocarbon-based amphiphiles be changed to decrease its CMC?

### 4. Composition of micelles

How can the shape of micelles, composed of anionic amphiphiles, be changed without changing the composition of the amphiphiles?

### 5. Micelles

Amphiphiles with a molecular weight of 500 g/mol are dispersed at 2.5 wt% in water. They form cylindrical micelles. You measure a critical micelle concentration of  $5\times10^{-8}$  mol/l.

- a. What is the excess energy ( $\Delta E$ ) of these micelles in terms of  $k_BT$ ?
- b. You change the composition and structure of the amphiphiles such that they form spherical micelles with an excess energy  $\Delta E = 20 k_B T$ . What is the percentage of aggregates containing 2 molecules? Where are the other molecules that are not assembled in these aggregates?

#### 6. Surface tension

The surface tensions of aqueous solutions containing different concentrations of sodium dodecyl sulfate (SDS), which has 12 C atoms in its hydrophobic chain, at 20 °C were measured:

c (mmol/l)	$\gamma (mN/m^{-1})$
0	72.0
2	50
4	38
5	20
6	10

7	5.5
8	5.0
9	4.9
10	4.8
12	4.8

- a. Determine the CMC.
- b. Assume the packing density of SDS at the liquid-liquid interface to be 1.6 molecules/nm². What is the average area occupied by each SDS molecules?
- c. What shape would an aggregate made out of this molecule attain?

# 7. Micelle size

An amphiphile is dispersed in a solution at a concentration of 3.5 vol% and it forms cylindrical micelles. You measure a CMC of  $5 \times 10^{-8}$ . What is the most probable number of molecules contained in such a micelle?